## Reasonable adjustments guide for employers



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### Introduction

Creating an inclusive workplace where neurodivergent employees can thrive benefits both individuals and organisations. This guide provides practical steps for employers to understand, assess, and implement reasonable adjustments that support neurodivergent team members effectively and respectfully.

## What is neurodiversity?



Alt text- an illustration of a pink brain

Neurodiversity refers to the natural variation in human brain function and behaviour. It is estimated that 20% of individuals are neurodivergent and it includes includes conditions such as autism, ADHD, dyslexia, dyspraxia, dyscalculia, and Tourette's syndrome.

Recognising neurodiversity as a form of human diversity encourages workplaces to focus on strengths and remove barriers to participation.

## Legal and ethical responsibilities



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#### **Legal Framework**

Employers have a duty under equality legislation to make reasonable adjustments for employees with disabilities, including neurodivergent conditions.

In the UK, the Equality Act (2010) places a legal duty on public services, education providers, employers and businesses to provide reasonable adjustments. The Equality Act defines Disability as:

"A physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities."

This is important because it does not require employees to have a formal diagnosis to be covered under this legislation. It is the impact of the condition on an employees ability to work that is important.

#### **Ethical Commitment**

Employers have an ethical as well as legal duty to support requests for reasonable adjustments. Responding positively to requests supports wellbeing which improves retention and overall work performance.

#### Confidentiality

It is essential that all discussions and records regarding adjustments must be handled sensitively and confidentially. It takes courage for individuals to request reasonable adjustments and it is important that this is respected.

## Signs that reasonable adjustments are required



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Reasonable adjustments may be requested directly by an employee or identified through observation or performance discussions. Signs that adjustments may be beneficial include:

- Difficulty concentrating in open-plan environments
- Challenges with time management or organisation
- Sensory sensitivities to noise, light, or textures
- Communication differences or social fatigue
- Struggling to complete tasks
- Increased sickness

Sometimes, there might not be any signs that an employee is struggling, especially if they are high masking (this is the suppression of neurodivergent traits). This is another reason why it is so important to support individuals when they request reasonable adjustments.

# Implementing reasonable adjustments



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There are several steps that employers should take to implement reasonable adjustments:

#### 1. Open and Supportive Communication

It is important for there to be open and supportive communication between the employer and employee.

Employers should create a safe environment for employees to discuss their needs and use clear, non-judgmental language. Employers should offer multiple ways to communicate and all decisions should be agreed in writing.

#### 2. Assessment and Collaboration

It is important to discuss specific challenges that the employee experiences and potential solutions collaboratively.

Occupational health or workplace adjustment specialists should be consulted if needed.

It is important that the focus is on removing barriers rather than changing the employee. This is extremely important because any suggestion that the employee is a barrier is discrimination.

#### 3. Implementing Adjustments

Adjustments should be tailored to the individual's role and needs. Examples include:

- Work Environment: Quiet zones, noise-cancelling headphones, flexible seating.
- Work Patterns: Flexible hours, remote work options, structured routines.
- Communication: Written instructions, clear meeting agendas, visual aids.
- Technology: Speech-to-text software, task management tools, screen filters.
- Training and Awareness: Neurodiversity awareness sessions for teams.

#### 4. Review and Feedback

It is important to schedule regular check-ins to ensure adjustments remain effective and to assess their impact. Individuals needs change and it is important to be open to modifying arrangements as needs evolve.

Regular review and feedback help to foster mutual understanding which is important.

## Building a neuroinclusive culture



Developing a neuroinclusive culture is an essential component of of supporting reasonable adjustments. Senior leaders should model inclusive behavior and champion neurodiversity. They should attend training on neurodiversity and role model neuroinclusive practice.

All staff should have should attend neuroinclusive awareness training and policies should be underpinned by neuroinclusion

Staff networks for neurodivergent employees and allies (this is people who are not neurodivergent but want to support their neurodivergent colleagues) provide peer support. It is important that this has a sponsor from a senior individual within the organisation and staff should be supported to attend.

It is important to dispel negative myths and stereotypes about neurodivergent staff. Common myths include:

Myth	Reality
Neurodivergent employees are less productive.	With the right support, they often bring exceptional focus, creativity, and problem-solving skills.
Adjustments are costly or complex.	Most adjustments are low-cost and yield high returns in engagement and retention.
All neurodivergent people need the same support.	Needs vary widely; adjustments must be tailored to individuals.

## Measuring success



Alt text- a gold trophy cup with a star on top

Organisations should continually measure the impact of reasonable adjustments on individual staff and the wider organisation. Success measures include:

- Track retention and engagement rates among neurodivergent employees.
- Gather anonymous feedback on inclusion and accessibility.
- Celebrate success stories to reinforce positive cultural change.

### Resources



Alt text-a book on a computer screen with an arrow pointing to it

- Managing on the Spectrum | neuroinclusive leadership
- What reasonable adjustments are Reasonable adjustments at work -Acas
- Equality Act 2010: guidance GOV.UK

## For any questions, reach out to us!

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